Functional Outcome Assessment in Chiropractic Care

PQRI Data Collection Sheet

				/ /	🗆 Male 🛛 Female
Patient's Name Practice Medical Record Number (MRN)			Birth Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	Gender	
National Provider Identifier (NPI)				Date of Service	
Clinical Information				Billing Information	
Step 1 Is patient eligible for thi	s measure?				
		Yes	No	Code Required on Claim Form	
Patient is aged 18 years and older on d	ate of encounter.			Verify date of birth on claim for	orm.
There is a CPT Code for chiropractic matrix treatment for this visit.	anipulative			Refer to coding specifications document for list of applicable codes. Codes determining a patient's	
If No is checked for any of the above, STOP. Do not report a G-code.			eligibility must be reported on the same claim as the quality code(s) identified below.		
Step 2 Does patient meet or have an acceptable reason for not meeting the measure?					
Current ¹ Functional Outcome ²		Yes	No	Code to be Reported on Line 24 if Yes (or Service Line 24 of El	
Assessed using a standardized tool ³ AN care plan ⁴ documented	D			G8539	
Not assessed for the following reason:					
• Documented reasons (ie, patient refuses to participate, patient unable to complete questionnaire)				G8540	
Assessed, but no care plan documented following reason:	d for the				
 Documented reasons (ie, no functional outcome deficiencies⁵ identified, patient not eligible for care plan) 				G8542	
Document reason here and in medical chart.				If No is checked for all of the G8541 (No documentation of a curre outcome assessment using a reason not specified.) OR G8543 (Documentation of a current f assessment using a standardiz of a care plan, reason not spe	nt functional standardized tool, unctional outcome ed tool; no documentation

¹Patient having a documented functional assessment within the previous 30 days.

²Function outcome assessment includes questionnaires designed to measure a patient's limitations in performing the usual human tasks of living. Functional questionnaires seek to quantify symptoms, functional and behavior directly, rather than to infer them from less relevant physiological tests.

³An assessment tool that has been appropriately normalized and validated for the population in which it is used. Examples of tools for functional outcome assessment include, but are not limited to, Oswestry Disability Index (ODI), Roland Morris Disability/Activity Questionnaire (RM), and Neck Disability Index (NDI).

⁴A care plan is an ordered assembly of expected or planned activities, including observations goals, services, appointments and procedures, usually organized in phases or sessions, which have the objective of organizing and managing health care activity for the patient, often focused upon one or more of the patient's health care problems. Care plans may include order sets as actionable elements, usually supporting a single session or phase.

⁵Functional outcome deficiencies are defined as impairment or loss of physical function related to neuromusculoskeletal capacity, including but not limited to, restricted flexion, extension and rotation, back pain, neck pain, pain in the joints of the arms or legs, and headaches.